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## THE NORMIAL INDEX.

"HEAD, HEART and HAND."


## United States Department of the Interior

 National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting deterninations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking " $x$ " in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

## 1. Name of Property

historic name $\qquad$
other names/site number $\qquad$

## 2. Location

street \& number 2132 Winchester Road $\square$ not for publication
city or town $\qquad$ Huntsville $\square$ vicinity
state Alabama
code AL
county Madison
code $\qquad$ zip code 35810

## 3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this $\square$ nomination...-. $\square$ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60 . In my opinion, the propēty $\square$ meets $\square$ does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant $\square$ nationally $\square$ statewide locally. ( $\square$ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of centifying officia//Title
Date
State of Federal agency and bureau

> In my opinion, the property $\square$ meets $\square$ does not meet the National Register criteria. ( $\square$ See continuation sheet for aoditional comments.)

Signature of centifying officia/Title Date
State or Federal agency and bureau
4. National Park Service Certification

1 hereby cenity that the propeny is:
Signature of the Keeper
Date of Action
$\square$ entered in the National Register.See continuation sheet.determined eligible for the National Register

See continuation shett.
[. determined not eligible for the National Pegister.
I. removed from the National Regisier.
E otner, (explain) $\qquad$

## 5. Classification


$\qquad$

## Historic Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)
Residence
Barn
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 7. Description

Architectural Classification
(Enter categories from instructions)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Current Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)
Residence
Barn
roof Galvanized metal
cther_ Brick chimneys

## Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)
See continuation sheet

## $\overline{8}$. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

## (Mark " $x$ " in one or more boxes for the criteria qualitying the property

 for National Register listing.)A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.(X) C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations
(Mark " $x$ " in all the boxes that apply.)
Property is:A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.B removed from its original location.C a birthplace or grave.D a cemetery.E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.F a commemorative property.G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

## 'Areas of Significance

 (Enter categories from instructions)Architecture Black Heritage
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Period of Significance

c. 1812 (architecture) 1906-1998 (Black heritage)

## Significant Dates

c. $1812-1950$

|  |
| :--- |
| Significant Person <br> (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) |

Cultural Affiliation
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Architec/Builder
$\qquad$

Narrative Statement of Significance
(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)
9. Major Bibliographical References See attached sheet

Bibilography
(Cite the books, aricles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):
$\square$ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
[] previously listed in the National Register
$\square$ previously determined eligible by the National Registerdesignated a National Historic Landmarkrecorded by Historic American Buildings Survey *
$\square$ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record \#

Primary location of additional data:
$\square$ State Historic Preservation Olfice
$\square$ Other State agency
$\square$ Federal agency
$\square$ Local government
$\square$ University
$\square$ Other
Name of repository:
10. Geographical Data

## Acreage of Property Approx. 3 acres

UTM References
(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)


Verbal Boundary Description
(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet) See continuation sheet

## Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheer.) See continuation sheet

## 11. Form Prepared By

name/title $\qquad$ organization Historic Huntsville Foundation date March 9, 1998
street \& number 420 Eustis Ave. telephone $\qquad$
city or town $\qquad$ Huntsville state AL $\qquad$ zip code 35801

## Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

## Continuation Sheets

## Maps

A USGS map ( 7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properies having large acreage or numerous resources.

## Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

## Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

## Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)
name $\qquad$ Valine Crutcher Battle
street \& number 3020 Winchester Road telephone $\qquad$ (205)852-6181
city or town $\qquad$ state AI
zip code $\qquad$

Paperwork Reduction Act Slaternent: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, 10 list propenies, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Presenvation LCt, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).
Estimated Burden Statement: Public reponing burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining cata, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments $r$ gegalding this burcen estima:e or any aspect of this form to the Chiel. Acministatire Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Bcx 37127. Washinçon, OC 20013-7127: and the Ortice of \%anagement and Bucget, Paperwork Fezuctions Projects (102conie), V/asningion, DC 20503.

## United States Department of the Interlor National Park Service

## Natlonal Register of Historic Places ContInuation Sheet

Section number $\quad 7 \quad$ Page 1

Narrative Description


#### Abstract

The Jude-Crutcher house, built in circa 1812, ${ }^{1}$ is a good and intact example of a 3-bay, one and one-half story gable-roofed, center-hall (dogtrot) log house which dates from the first decade of Huntsville's settlement. The gables retain their original clapboards of about 6 inch exposure and the logs are now covered in a double-lap-profile clapboard that was popular in the early 20th century. The clapboards at the dogtrot gables have pit-sawn marks on their back faces and have beaded bottom edges, both indications of the early 19th century (most clapboards were sash-sawn by c. 1820 in this area). The logs are approximately 12-15 inches wide and have half-dovetail joints. The log faces have traces of whitewash on them on both the exterior and the interior faces. The joint daubing is hydrated lime and fine sand. At each drip-eave, the four projecting ledger-log ends that support the top-plate eave log are visible. There are two brick gable-end chimneys which, by their design and materials, are either original or early. Many of the brown-red woodmould bricks have green-gray glazed areas on their faces, and the chimney-shoulders have two slightly-projecting corbels at the bottom of the shoulder-slopes, both characteristic of early 19th century chimneys.


The limestone Foundation walls are roughly coursed and shaped by a chisel rather than a saw. Chisel marks are still visible on the faces. The west and north foundation walls retain two wood foundation vents whose design and construction is typical of the early 19th century; a heavy wood frame with mortise, tenon and peg joints and small vertical wood bars with the arrises to the front.

A chimney-pent by the west chimney appears to be of early 20th century construction (wire nails and narrow vertical-double-bead siding).

[^0]
# Natlonal Reglster of Hlstorlc Places ContInuation Sheet 

Section number 7 Page 2

The front gable-roofed porch may be of early construction since it has hewn and puncheon joists and roof framing typical of the early 19th century. The roof lathing is 20th century $1 \times 4$ 's, however.

The dogtrot is now enclosed with 20th century "Dutch lap" wood siding. Mr. Hayden recalls that this was done in the mid 20 th century. ${ }^{2}$

The crawl spaces of the house and the rear shed-rooms reveal puncheon joists, some with the bark still on them. The flooring of the first floor west pen is about 3 inches wide and probably dates from the turn of the 20th century. Some hewn joists at the rear shed floor have mortises that indicate that these members were reused from a previous early structure. The rear shed rooms, which extend the full width of the house, were added, per the joint evidence and the fact that the shed-floor beams and stone piers are independent of the rear-wall construction of the main house. The dutch-lap siding at the rear shed rooms could indiate an early 20th century date, using salvaged floor-framing. The rafter-ends at the shed room roof are of late 19th or early 20th century dimensions and the floor planks are about 3 inches wide, indicating a similar time period of construction.

The sashes are of either the late 19th or 20th century based on their profiles and joinery.
In the now-enclosed dogtrot, the ell-plan staircase (typical of early log houses) appear to be original. The rails are mortised, tenoned and pegged into the square newel-posts. The rail is rounded on top and flat on the bottom. The balusters are slim rectangles (about 5/8 x 1 inch) in section and mounted with the narrow side out. The treads are deeply worn at the center.

The several door frames are typical of the Federal Period, with delicate quirk-ogee back bands and edge-beaded (half bead) face trim. The baseboards are top-beaded and there is no shoe-mould, typical of early 19th century details.

The two loft rooms retain their original board and batten doors, with the wide boards and battens smoothed with a jack-plane and the battens edge-chamfered. The nail-pattern at the battens is a diaper-pattern, the one most frequently observed. The two loft doors are

[^1]
# Natlonal Reglster of HIstorlc Places ContInuatlon Sheet 

## Section number _ 7 Page 3

6'2' high. The door to the east loft room retains its carved-wood lift-latch and can be opened from the hall side only when the latch-string is out through a small hole in the door into the hall side. An old expression still heard in the 1930's is "come on over, the latch-string is out", meaning visitors are welcome.

The first floor rooms of the east loft room are plastered with hair-reinforced plaster and covered with wallpaper (plus some modern plywood). The logs are still exposed in the west loft room and that room was never ceiled or finished. Mr. Hayden of the Crutcher family recalls it was used for storage and to hang hams, confirmed by a sapling pole hung between the rafters for hanging the hams. ${ }^{3}$

At the unfinished west loft room the original condition can be best seen. The backs of the gable clapboards are pit-sawn rather than sash-sawn, indicating very early construction (when sawmills were readily available by about 1820 , planking was typically sash-sawn). The clapboards are smoothed and bottom-beaded on the face-sides, and whitewashed where the back sides are exposed in the west loft room as well as on the face-sides in the hall. The logs, door, frame, and roof framing have no whitewash traces, however.

The second floor pine planks are 7 " to 9 " wide, face-nailed, about $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thick, typical of early 19th century log houses. The floor of the first floor west pen was apparently replaced with narrow boards in the late 19th or early 20th century.

The rafters are about $3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}$, pit-sawn, with some hewn faces, and jointed at the ridge with a center-mortised and pegged joint. Few early houses have ridge-boards. Most have half-lapped and pegged ridge-joints.

The studs (about $3 \times 4$ inches, 2 ft . on centers) are mortised and tenoned into the sill plates that rest on the top log at the loft-hall walls.

The roof-lath planks are generally 12 to 16 inches wide and are pit-sawn.
The east loft ceiling is $7^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$ high. Each loft room has two sashes that are $18 \times 24$ inches each. They were probably hinged casements but now have later sashes.
${ }^{3}$ Ibid.

## United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# Natlonal Reglster of Hlstorlc Places ContInuation Sheet 

Section number 7 Page 4

The east pen mantel is a simple folk-design with a decorative chevron pattern of overlaid planks at the top of each pilaster. It and the bracketed mantel-shelf at the west pen are late-19th or early 20th century, per the nails and other indications. Both fireplaces are bricked-up for stoves. The west pen stove is a "Warm Morning" brand, a highly efficient type first made in about 1940 and made popular in World War II when they were used to efficiently heat army barracks. ${ }^{4}$ A small cast-iron heating stove is in the east pen. The east loft room has a now-closed fireplace, but the unfinished west loft room has none, indicating that it was intended for storage from the beginning.

The added rear shed rooms contain a kitchen, bedroom and a bath (which was inserted in the center hall within the last few decades). The ruin of a 1940's outhouse is still in the backyard. The kitchen has the sheet-steel cabinets that were popular in the mid 20th century.

Crutcher family tradition has that the nearby frame barn was in existence by 1919. ${ }^{5}$ It has typical vertical-plank siding and wooden stalls inside for livestock, with a hayloft above. It is in fair condition and is still used for farming purposes.

The house is used occasionally for family gatherings as overflow bedroom space. It is fully furnished. The family is interested in preserving and restoring the house.

The Jude family cemetery is about 200 ft . east of the house and 50 ft . north of Winchester Road. It contains several boxed-limestone momuments and the 1872 pylon monument of George Jude, Jr. The cast-iron fence posts remain, but the fence was stolen a few years ago, per Robert Hayden. The cemetery is in disrepair.

One-half mile north of the Jude house at the northern boundary of the Jude Farm is a fieldstone wall about 3 ft . high, now in a mostly-collapsed state. This wall extends for a considerable distance. It seems likely that the wall was built to clear the fields of stone for cultivation, so the wall probably dates to the early 19th century. See photo 24.

[^2]
# Natlonal Reglster of Historic Places ContInuation Sheet 

Section number 8 Page 1

## Statement of Significance

The significance of the Jude-Crutcher house lies primarily in two areas. It is a substantially intact and very early example of Alabama folk architecture (c. 1812, log, dogtrot, $11 / 2$ story) and is significant in the area of African American history since it has been in the Crutcher family since 1906 and may be the longest-duration such ownership of an African American owned farm (part of the land is still farmed) in Madison County. The Crutcher family retains the house and land.

The loft rooms and staircase of the house are in an almost pristine state of preservation. While modifications have been made to some aspects of the pen rooms and the exterior, those modifications appear to be mostly of the turn of the 20th century and are themselves part of the history of the house and the Crutcher family ownership.

Madison County's first permanent settler (Isaac Criner) arrived in 1805. Historical records indicate that the house existed by 1812, and possibly predates 1812 by a couple of years. The oldest documented house in Madison County is of 1814 construction (Leroy Pope house, Huntsville). ${ }^{1}$

[^3]United States Department of the Interlor
National Park Service

## Natlonal Reglster of Hlstorlc Places <br> ContInuation Sheet

## Section number _ $\quad$ Page 1

## Major Bibliographical References

Cemeteries of Madison County, Alabama, Vol. 1. Dorothy Scott Johnson, Johnson Historical Publications, Huntsville, AL, 1971.

Deed research by Dorothy Scott Johnson, Huntsville, AL. Deed book "E", pp. 13 and 14, Madison County, AL Courthouse.

Glimpses Into Ante Bellum Houses of Huntsville, Alabama, 1992 edition, American Association of University Women.

# Natlonal Reglster of Historlc Places ContInuation Sheet 

Section number 10 Page 1

## Verbal Boundary Description

The area included in the nomination consists of the house and large yard and the barn and barnyard. This area is about 200 ft . on Winchester Road and 650 ft . deep to the north. The cemetery, which is no longer contiguous with the house site, is about 1000 ft . east of the house and is not included in the nomination.

## Boundary Justification

The house and barn sites are contiguous and constitute the major building elements of the farmstead. While a number of acres north of the barn are still farmed, they are not included in the nomination. Most of the original Jude farm (a quarter-section of land) has been developed in the last half of the 20th century into subdivisions, church sites, etc.

# Natlonal Reglster of Historlc Places ContInuation Sheet 

Section number 11 Page 1

c. 1812 Jude-Crutcher log house, 2132 Winchester Road, Huntsville, AL, 35810.

Madison County, AL
Photos--Harvie P. Jones, F.A.I.A., Huntsville, AL negatives--Alabama Historical Commission, Montgomery, AL

Photo no.
Description

1. South front. Dogtrot enclosed later, double-lap clapboard is later. Porch appears early, per framing, but not original. Chimney is probably original, tops eroded. Details and materials typical of the Federal Period. Note four ledger--log ends that support the roof-plate logs.
2. West side. Chimney pent is later. Shed-rooms on north pen are probably an enclosed original or early porch, per the floor-framing. Clapboards at gable are probably original.
3. West side at north side of chimney: Foundation vent with details typical of the Federal Period in North Alabama. Mortised, tenoned and pegged joints, vertical square wood bars with the arrises to the front. Ashlar local limestone foundation wall.
4. Looking S.E. at north rear wall. Modern cement block infill between the limestone piers at the north shed rooms. Note 4 ledger-log ends that support the plate $\log$ at the roof eave.
5. East side. Clapboards at the gable may be original. Double-lap clapboards are probably early 20 th century.
6. South front entry, looking north northeast. Staircase appears original, per the design details and tool-marks. Plaster is later. Original door trim is at right, with moulds and details typical of the Federal Period. Modern carpet on floor.
7. Looking N.E. to floor- one stair newel. Rail is mortised, tenoned and pegged to the newel. Slim rectangular balustrades turned narrow-side out. Typical of the early 1800's. Rail is rounded on top (draw-knifed) and flat on bottom, corners eased.

## United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## Natlonal Reglster of Hlstorlc Places ContInuation Sheet

Section number 11 Page 2

8. Looking north, down at stair-turn at floor 2. Note $\pm 7^{\prime \prime}-8$ " wide $5 / 4$ inch pine floor planks.
9. Floor 2 landing, looking N.W. Note mortise, tenon and peg connections of rails to newels. Newel-caps shaped with a draw-knife. Side-walls are about 4 feet high, here covered with a modern material.
10. Looking east into east pen (floor 1). Date of hand-built mantel is uncertain, but appears late 19th or early 20th century per tool marks. 20th century plywood wall-panelling. Fireplace bricked-up to accommodate the cast iron stove.
11. Looking W.N.W. into the west pen (floor 1). Hair-plaster date is unknown (covers the logs). Beaded edge door trim is typical of the Federal Period but door is an early 20th century type. Mantel-shelf appears to be later.
12. Floor 2, looking west from inside the stair hall. Door and frame appear original per moulds, tool-marks (jack-planed planks), details, etc. Note floor-planks of $7^{\prime \prime}-9^{\prime \prime}$ width. Note clapboards above $\pm 4^{\prime}$ ht. to separate the loft rooms from the stairhall.
13. Floor 2, looking west from inside the east loft room. Board-and-batten doors open to the stair hall. Note wood lift-latch with latch-string. Hinges are 20th century. Edge-band face -trim and quirk-ogee backband are shapes typical of c. 1800-1835.
14. Close-up of carved wood lift-latch and latch-string at phto 13. Note edge-bead face trim, quirk-ogee backband, and draw-knife beveled batten.
15. Looking east from west loft room (floor 2). Note log-slabs $\pm 12$ " $-16^{\prime \prime}$ wide, lime-plaster daubing, top-beaded baseboard, $\pm 7$ "- -9 " floor planks, board-and-batten door. Hinges are 20th century replacements but door appears original.
16. Closeup of photo 14 showing logs, daubing, edge-beaded door trim, door and batten. Note diaper pattern of batten-nails and jack-plane marks on doorplanks.

# Natlonal Register of Historlc Places Continuation Sheet 

Section number _11 Page _3_

17. Looking east at east upper wall in west loft room, at backs of clapboards that separate the loft rooms from the central stair hall. Note the irregular, approximately vertical pit-saw marks on the clapboards. This supports the likely date of c. 1812 for usually thin planks were sash-sawn by c. 1820, producing regular vertical saw-marks. Note the studs mortised and tenoned into the bottom plate (which rests on the top $\log$ at about 4 ft . above the loft floor. Note door trim with quirk-ogee backband and edge-beaded face-trim. Studs are approximately 3 " $x 4$ ", typical of the early 1800 's. Note whitewash, usually found in early log houses.
18. Looking west in west loft room at roof framing. Note wide untrimmed-edge lath-planks at roof-deck. Pole was used for hanging meat. Modern plywood covers the gable-wall beyond.
19. Closeup of photo 18. Note the absence of a ridge-plank, typical of most early framing. Rafters are center-mortised, tenoned and pegged at the ridge. Note irregular pit-saw marks on the slab-planks. Note the many cut-nails in the slabplanks, indicating a series of wood-shingle roofs in the past. Modern 5-rib galvanized steel sheets now cover the roof.
20. Barn, thought to be pre-1919 by the Crutcher family tradition. Looking north, about 200 ft . N.E. of the house. Note stalls inside for livestock.
21. Looking east at the Jude family cemetery which is about 300 yards east of the house. Winchester Road is at right. The toppled monument is that of George Jude, Jr. See photo 22.
22. Looking east at the toppled limestone monument of George Jude, Jr., "born Dec. 11, 1786, Campbell Co., VA, died July 10, 1872".
23. Looking north at the Jude Family cemetery. The iron fence (posts remain) was reportedly stolen in recent years.
24. Fieldstone (limestone) fence at what was the north boundary of the Jude farm, about $1 / 2$ mile north of the house (looking east). The date of the wall is unknown, but it presumably results from clearing the fields for cultivation.
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Exec: James B. Lockhart.

- Wit: Drury Thompson, V. G. Pruit, William W. Gaines.
p. 119

WILL of GEORGE JUDE
Dated 25 July 1818
Madison Co., Ala. Terr.
To my five beloved children: George Jude, Jr., Sarah Philips, Lucy Weaver, Mary Ann Douglass, Betsy M. Jordan.
Exec: son George Jude, Samuel Jordan, John Philips, my beloved friend Rev'd David Thompson, John P. Stegar.
Wit: Thomas Eldredge, Thomas E. Thermon, Edward B. Martin, Rice ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Harris, Francis E. Harris.
Codicil dated 11 Dec 1818: To my son-in-law Edward Douglass land in Giles Co., Tenn.
Wit: John C. Burress, John P. Stegar, John Phillips, Mary W. Phillips.
p. 124
 "Weak in body ---"

Dated 3 Dec 1818 To my loving wife Rachell Sivily - all property.
Children: Pleasant, John, Jacob, Charlotte, Nancy, Maneroy \& step-dau Metonda Russell.
Exec: Wife Rachel Sivily.
Wit: Andrew Sivily, Jacob Sivly, William (X) Smalling.
p. 126

WILL of RICHARD HOLMES Dated 21 Sep 1818 Proven Dec Term 1818

To sons James G, and John Holmes - land in Madison Co. -al 50800 acres each in Tenn.
Wife Elizabeth Holmes. in Madison Co. --


Dais: Jane, Easter, Nancy, Eliza -- 300 acres each. Grandch: LeRoy, A. B. F., July \& Richard T. McCravey.

## UNION HILL CHURCH CEMETERY <br> (JUDE-WEAVER)

ATION: Sec. 12-3S-1W. SE SW SE NE. In church yard of the Union Hill Church on Winchester Road.

JUDE, GEORGE J. - Born in Campbell Co., Va., Dec. 14, 1786 - died July 10, 1872. JUDE, ELIZABETH - Born March, 1788 - died October 6, 1860.

Census, Oct. 23, 1850:
Jude, George (63) Va., farmer - \$10, 700.
Elizabeth (61) Va.
JUDE, GEORGE S. - The son of G. J. \& Elizabeth Jude. Born Sept. 2, 1816 - died Oct. 29, 1839.

JUDE, FAYATTE N. - The son of G. J. \& Elizabeth Jude. Born Dec. 10th, 1813, departed this life the 7th of February, 1836.

WEAVER, GEORGE WATSON - Son of S. M. \& Lucinda Weaver. Born the 20th of August, 1838 and died the 1st of November, 1838.

WEAVER, LUCINDA W. - Daughter of G. J. \& Elizabeth Jude. Born October 28, 1818, died September 6, 1838.

## JUDE CEMETERY (3)

LOCATION: Section 11-3S-1W. SW SW SE NW NE. In a grove of trees southeast of the water tank adjacent to Windsor Manor subdivision.

JUDE, GEORGE - G. Jude, born the 15 day [of August], 1746, died 13 of December, 1818 , aged 72 y 3 Mo 28 dayes.

JUDE, ANNA WATSON - Dau. of Matthew and Elizabeth Watson born Sept. 17, 1754, died . . . . . . . . (stone broken and missing).

Note: These are the parents of George J. Jude above. These twograves are box type and there are remains of at least two more of which the covers identifying them have been destroyed by vandals. The Judes were Madison County pioneers having moved here from Virginia in 1818.

# Lis has 2132 Wiminater 120. <br> extant in 1998 - bes Homs' phis 

Administrators: John Phillips and Saml. Jordan
Dec. 3rd 1822
"Received of John Philips \& Samuel Jordan, Executors of the Estate of George Jude, Ser., Deceased, $\$ 14011.571 / 2$ being the amount that was Divided beteveen the Legatees of the aforesaid Estate, Each receiving two thousand Eight Hundred asked and Two Dollars $(\$ 2,802.311 / 2)$ Thirty One and one half centsheing in full of Each Legatees part. Given under our hands and Seals this Day and date above written.

Signed by Edward Douglass, Matthew W. Weaver and George Jude [Jr.]
[Note: Divided five ways; i.e., five legatees]
Receipt:
I hereby certify that Samuel Jordan and Matthew W. Weaver did receive from John Philips the same amount as is herein receipted for by George Jude. That W. Weaver did also receive the same amount as agent for Edward Douglass.

Signed by John M. Leave.
On back of same receipt:
Received of Jo. Phillips and Samuel Jordon, Executors of George Jude, Senior, deceased, the sum of $\$ 2,583.211 / 2$ Cents in part of his legacy of said estate.

Dated March 7, 1820, witnessed by Frs. Flippin and signed by George Jude, Junr.
Receipt:
The David Thompson, John P. Steger \& John C. Burruss have proceeded to appraise the old negroes belonging to the Estate of George Jude, Decd., according to the Will of said Deceased:

Negro Tom $\$ 20$ ?
Negro Nancy $\$ 10$ Both have chosen to live with John Philips.
Negro Philis $\$ 15$-Samuel Jordon
Signed by John C. Burruss, John P. Seeger and David Thomson Jan. 2nd 1819 with negroes having been received 4th Jany. 1818.

Statement \& receipt
Estate of George Jude, Scar., Huntsville, April 17th 1819. Statement from John H. Woodcock, "Sundry medicines \& Services for self from 11th until 14th Deer. - $\$ 36.50$ [Note: Tombstone says he died 13 December 1818.] Bill dated only for services in 1818.

Receipt dated Nov. 3, 1818 and signed by Thomas Eldridge: "Then Received of Mr. John Phillips $\$ 9.621 / 2$ in full for his Blacks Smiths Acct."
"Memorandum of Settlement between Jude heirs"
This "Memorandum" showed that George Jude Sent. raised tobacco. He had, in 1817, $7,332 \mathrm{lbs}$. which brought $\$ 8.50$ per cwt - $\$ 623.22$ and $1,576 \mathrm{lbs}$. at $\$ 6.00 \mathrm{cwt}-\$ 94.56$ totaling $\$ 717.78$.

Receipt for tax paid: For Territorial, county \& Jail Tax for 1819 - $\$ 13.68 \frac{3}{4}$. Dated 23 Oct. 1819

> Evocator's Bond
> "Know all men by these presents that we Samuel Jordon, John Phillips, George Jude, Thomas Eldridge, David Thompson and Tomlin Eppes, all of Madison County, are held and firmly bound to LeRoy Pope, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of said county \& his successors in office in the sum of $\$ 20,000$ to the due payment whereof we bind ourselves \& our heirs sealed with our seals this 28 th dey of December 1818 The conditions of the above obligation $\dot{\mathbf{s} x}$ is such that if the above bound Saml. Jordan and John Phillips, Executors of the last Will \& Testament of George Jude, shall make or cause to be mad ea true and perfect inventory etc...
"Memorandum of a Settlement Entered Into between the Legatees of Geo. Jude, Decd. on 11 Apr. 1820." Note: The following were expenditures made by the estate for final settlement. George Jude, Jr. was shown as the person having made the accounting.

Amount of Watkins \& Co's Bond \& Acct.
Amt. of Martin Hied Hancock's Account
Amt. of John Hamlet's account
The half amt. of Isham Harvey's Bond
Amt. of Thor. Jones Smith Acct.
Amt. of J no. P. Richardson's Acct.
Amt. of Jo. Armistead \& McCraw's Acct.
Amt. of Jo. Reid's Acct.
Amt. of J no. Reid's Acct.
211.77
36.53
42.87Amt. of George Jude Jr Book Acct.7.40Amt. for two Carts4.005.3493.8562.54Cash paid Saml. Jordan when starting to MadisonCarriage $2 \mathrm{Hh}^{\mathrm{ds}}$ [?] Tobacco to Lynchburg4.8024.1091.0050.00C Cash paid John Fore for PorkHauling rock and walling in Grave3.00Cash paid John Fore for Pork13.75This amt. in swap of Horses20.00
Axrot.This amt for expences from Virginia ..... 56.25
This amt. paid John Reid for 1 pr . Cotton \& ${ }^{\text {C }}$ ..... 15.13
This amt. paid for Taxes in the year 1817 ..... 6.71
My part of corn in the year 1816 ..... 60.00
Amt. of your Bond with interest ..... 552.56
Hire of negro man, John, in 1817 ..... 70.00Finally Settled
$\qquad$$\$ 1449.90$

Amt. of Sales of the Personal Property (other than negroes), sold on 6 Feb. 1819.
(Purchasers not given) Sales Items sold include:
4 beds \& furniture (@ $\$ 72 \mathrm{ea}$ ), Dutch blanket ( $\$ 1.37^{1 / 2}$ ), Rose blanket ( $\$ 4$. ), set window curtains ( $\$ 2.25$
Bed stead ( $\$ 1.50$ Sifter (\$1.)
Butter pot ( $\$ 2.50$ )
Teakettle (\$1.50)
Dutch oven ( $\$ 1.50$ )
Pewter bison \& bottled (\$1.)
Tumbler \& 6 teaspoons ( $\$ 7.62$ )
Looking glass (\$50)
Pewter dish \& waiter ( $\$ .75$ )
Candlestick (\$.50)

Pot rack (\$3.12 $1 / 2$ )
Pot \& Hooks (\$1.121/2)
Grid iron (\$.621/2)
Kettle (\$.121/2)
Shovel \& Tongs ( $\$ 1.56^{1 / 4}$ )
Pair saddle bragerx bags (\$2.)
Shot gun (\$25.371/2)
Saddle \& Bridle (\$7.50)

909 George Jude Sr. (-continued-)
Pair fire dogs (\$4.)
Half share plough (\$3.)
Frow (\$5.)
Lot coopers tools (\$4.)
Pair compasses (\$.50)
Drawing knife (\$1.75)
2 Small bells ( $\$ 1.62^{1 / 2}$ )
2 large bells ( $\$ 1.87^{1 / 2}$ )
1 brass bell ( $\$ 1.50$ )
Grubbing hoe ( $\$ 1.62^{1 / 2}$ )
4 Hilling hoes ( $1.62^{1 / 2}$ )
Pair steelyards ( $\$ 4.75$
Lantern (\$.25)
One Morse's Geography $\$ 1.62^{1 / 2}$ )
Harvey's Writings book (\$.871/2)
One lot of old books (\$1.)
Horse cart (\$59.)
waggon \& gear (\$42.)
grey horse (\$55.)
10 bbl corn (\$43.20)
Cabinet (\$4.)
Scythe \& cradle ( $\$ 2.50$ )
£x 2 weeding hoes (\$2.)
also hides, several bbl corn, \& misc. plantation items. Sales, less slaves, totaled $\$ 1,117.03^{1 / 2}$
Signed by John Phillips and Samuel Jordan, Executors.
Appraisal of Estate made 2 January 1819 and totaled $\$ 6,887.25$
Appraisal included items sold plus slaves listed as follows:
Pompey (man) - $\$ 900$
Glasgo (boy) $\$ 50$.
Anderson (man) \$950
Drury (man) \$900
Rachal (girl) \$650
Susan (girl) \$300
Polly (woman) \$350
Bob (small boy) $\$ 150$
Cate (small girl) \$300

| Item | Date/Page | Grantor | Grantee | Amt. | Description | Witnesses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 401 | $\begin{aligned} & 2-25-1816 \\ & (13) \end{aligned}$ | John Brahan, Louis Winston, \& David Moore, Hv. Commissioners | Alexander Wason [Wasson?] | --- | Deed. Lot \#63, with tenements, in Huntsville. Proven 6-15-1816. DR 3-21-1818. (Pope) | Ro. Thompson <br> S. D. Hutchings <br> N. B. Rose |
| 402 | $\begin{aligned} & 10-29-1817 \\ & (13-14) \end{aligned}$ | Samuel M. \& Jenny M. Echols | George Jude, Senr. | \$540 | Ind. 54 ac. with tenements in NW/4 of Sec. 12-3-1W, neighboring Saml. Standefer. Proven 10-29-1817 \& DR 3-21-1818 (Tatum) | --- |
| 40 S | $\begin{aligned} & 1-1-1818 \\ & (14-15) \end{aligned}$ | Samuel M. \& Jenny M. Echols | William Baldwin of Prince Edward Co., Va. | \$1400 | Ind. 105-1/2 ac. in north end of NW/4 of Sec. 12-3-1W. Proven 1-1-1818 \& DR on 3-21-1818 (Tatum) | - |
| 404 | $\begin{aligned} & 1-22-1818 \\ & (15-17) \end{aligned}$ | John D. Clifford of Lexington, Ky . by his attny. in fact, Samuel Hazzard late of Philadelphia, a merchant | James Clemens | \$2100 | Ind. Part of Lot 44 in Hv . on SE side of pub. sq; This lot now occupled by James Clemens \& conveyed to him \& Clifford, (merchants and partners dba James Clemens \& Co.) by Stephen Neal on 1-20-1816. This lot next to Luther Morgan's lot on the square, and one owned by Beirne \& Patton, and Clement Clay's office, \& a lot formerly occupied by Allen Baker. Proven 1-22-1818, DR 3-25-1818 (Pope) | Charles McClellan LeRoy Pope |
| 40\% | $\begin{aligned} & 8-16-1815 \\ & (17) \end{aligned}$ | John Brahan, David Moore, Louis Winston \& Peter Perkins, Commissioners | Walker Allen | \$263 | Ind. Lot \#52 in Huntsville containing $1 / 2$ acre. Proven 2-21-1818 by Sewell \& DR 3-24-1818, (Pope). | Wm. B. Scruggs Hardy H. Sewell |
| 406 | $\begin{aligned} & 6-6-1816 \\ & (18) \end{aligned}$ | LeRoy \& Judith Pope | James Hollingsworth | \$100 | Ind. Lot adjoining Huntsville on Williams St. where road to Dittos Landing crosses Williams St., and neighboring Owens. $1-1 / 2$ acre. Proven 12-22-1817 \& DR 4-1-1818 (Moore). | Willis Pope Sarah Pope |
| 407 | $\begin{aligned} & 12-13-1817 \\ & (19-20) \end{aligned}$ | George W. Noble Estate | Elizabeth S. Noble | --- | Assignment of Dower (Order of Orphans Court). Dower to Elizabeth S. Noble, widow of George W. Noble, it being house \& 100 ac . whereon George W. Noble lived possessed of before his death; one man slave and $\$ 14 \mathrm{fn}$ money intending to make her share equal to that of the other representatives (not named). Land location not given. | Drury M. Allen Richard Cottrell J. J. Poindexter Robert Erwin Isaac Wellborn |
| 408 | $\begin{aligned} & 9-27-1817 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | [Isaac Stewart Estate] | Nancy Stewart | --- | Assignment of Dower (Order of Orphans Court). Dower to Nancy Stewart [widow of Isaac Stewart] consisting of 10 acres in SE/4 and all of SW/4 of Sec. 12-1-1W. Proven 1-13-1818. | Samuel Allen <br> Thos, McGehee <br> Isaac Wellborn <br> James Moore <br> Wm. E. Dupree |













Expused brown-coot phaters (no white cuat)
$=$ protion $0.1890-1910$

- exposed hewn lon fuce
$\pm$ exposed lime fomon mortand WEST PEH, S.WBLL
mod. phywod wall decos.

modan manth-shelf WEST PEN, WHST firepler "Whim Morning "bernd stove, popwer offle WWII (some $=$ pitsines, $n$ fer) $=$ yotar $)$


FL. 2 WGLL $\operatorname{ATLOFI}$

 in 2.1812 deck-shet bds.

Yaffors $\pm 2$ o. . $\pm 3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}$

W. LOFT RM.






[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Research in the Madison Co., Alabama deedbooks by Dorothy Scott Johnson shows:
    A. In 1812, Samuel M. Echols patented the subject property. Since Echols was an assignee, it is possible that the house had already been built. See bibliography.
    B. On 10/29/1817, George Jude purchased the land ( 54 acres) "with tenements" from Samuel Echols (N.W. Quarter of Section 12, Township 3, Range 1-west, Deed Book "E" pp. 13 and 14, Madison Co. AL Courthouse. The phrase "with tenements" would seem to indicate that the house was already built. The details of the house support an early 19th century date.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Interview with Robert Hayden (of the Crutcher Family) on January 14, 1998.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ The writer's uncle experienced these stoves in WWII and had one installed in his house in the 1940's. Other such references have been seen.
    ${ }^{5}$ Interview with Robert Hayden (of the Crutcher Family) on Jan. 14, 1998.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Glimpses Into Ante Bellum Homes of Huntsville, Alabama, 1992 ed., American Association of University Women Publication.

